

## SAFETY DATA SHEET OASIS 1000

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1. Product identifier	1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	OASIS 1000		
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Disinfectant.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the supplier of the supplier of the supplier of the supplication of the su	ne safety data sheet		
Supplier	Hydrachem Ltd. Gillmans Industrial Estate Billingshurst West Sussex RH14 9EZ UK T: +44(0)1403 787700 (Hours 09:00- 17:00 Mon to Fri) F: +44(0)1403 785158 sds@hydrachem.co.uk		
Contact person	sds@hydrachem.co.uk		
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber		
National emergency telephone number	<ul> <li>Country / Phone number &amp; Website: Austria 112 - ; Belgium +32 070 245 245,</li> <li>www.centreantipoisons.be/; Bulgaria +359 2 9154 409, www.pirogov.bg; Croatia +358 1 2348 342, - ; Cyprus 112, - ; Czech Republic (+420) 224 919 293/ 224 915 402 www.tis-cz.cz ; Denmark +45 82 12 12 12, - ; Estonia 166662, +372 626 93 90, - ; Finland 112, - ; France +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59 INRS/ORFILA www.centres-antipoison.net ; Germany 112, - ; Greece 112, - ; Hungary (+36) 14 766 464/ 80 201 199, - ; Iceland 112, - ; Italy 112, - ; Latvia +371 670 424 73, - ; Liechtenstein112, - ; Lithuania (+370) 5 236 20 52/ 6 875 33 78, www.tox.lt/; Luxembourg 112, - ; Malta 112, - ; Netherlands (+31) 030 274 8888, - ; Norway (+42) 2259 1300, - ; Poland 112, - ; Portugal 0808 250 143, - ; Romania 112, - ; Slovakia (+421) 2 54 774 166, - ; Slovenia 112, - ; Spain (+34) 91 562 04 20, - ; Sweden 112, - ; Switzerland 145, - ; United Kingdom 111, - ;</li> </ul>		

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	

2.2. Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 Wear eye protection.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P391 Collect spillage.</li> <li>P402+P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
Contains	TROCLOSENE SODIUM
Supplementary precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective clothing and gloves.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P405 Store locked up.</li> </ul>

#### 2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients			
3.2. Mixtures			
TROCLOSENE SODIUM			
		~~~ ~~ ~	

 
 TROCLOSENE SODIUM
 30-60%

 CAS number: 2893-78-9
 EC number: 220-767-7
 REACH registration number: 01-2119489371-33-XXXX

 M factor (Acute) = 1
 M factor (Chronic) = 1
 Image: Chronic C

Classification       Eye Irit: 2 - H319         SODIUM CARBONATE       REAC         CAS number: 497-19-8       EC number: 207-838-8       REAC         Z1194       Classification       Eye Irit: 2 - H319       EVENT: 2 - H319         The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.       SECTION 4: First aid measures       EVENT: 2 - H319         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person for sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortability of the vash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical atter after washing.         Eye contact       Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. O minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur         4.1. Discliption of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed       SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards artening from the substance or mixture       Specific hazards         Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products ma substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Protective equipment         Protective equipment       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathi			
Classification         Eye Irrit. 2 - H319         SODIUM CARBONATE         CAS number: 497-19-8       EC number: 207-836-8       REAC 21194         Classification         Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       Ec number: 207-836-8       REAC 21194         Classification       Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       Economber: 497-19-8       Reac 20194         The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.       SECTION 4: First aid measures       Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attent fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person from sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention ware and at rest in a promotion for sour water to drink. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture         Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a m/m.3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products m substances: Carbon. Nethoride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firef	10-30%		
Eye Inrit. 2 - H319         SODIUM CARBONATE         CAS number: 497-19-8       EC number: 207-838-8       REAC 21194         Classification         Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       EC number: 207-838-8       REAC 21194         Classification       Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       EC         The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.       SECTION 4: First aid measures         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person from sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Eye contact       Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. O minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur         4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed       4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures       5.1. Extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture       Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products my substances: Oxides of the fo	H registration number: 01- 57561-38-XXXX		
CAS number: 497-19-8       EC number: 207-838-8       REAC 21194         Classification       Eye Irrit. 2 - H319       1194         The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.       SECTION 4: First aid measures       1194         A1. Description of first aid measures       1194       1196       1196         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortate difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person bo not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. Nethoride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture       Statable extinguishing water.         Specific ha			
Classification         Eye Irrit. 2 - H319         The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.         SECTION 4: First aid measures         4.1. Description of first aid measures         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortab difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected per lngestion         Do not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur         4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Specific hazards         Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products m substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCl). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters         Protective actions during firefighting       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect	1-5%		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319         The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.         SECTION 4: First aid measures         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortabe difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person to first aid measures         Inhalation       Do not induce vomiting. Remove affected person form sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person for any immediate medical attention promptly if symptoms occur minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture         Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products must bustances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Protective appressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Specific hazards protective equipment for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.	H registration number: 01- 85498-19-XXXX		
SECTION 4: First aid measures         4.1. Description of first aid measures         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortabe difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person to not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Specific hazards         Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products mis substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. Netholice (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters         Protective actions during         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
4.1. Description of first aid measures         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortate difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person longestion         Ingestion       Do not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person from sour warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Eye contact       Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Or minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur         4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed       4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures       5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture       Specific hazards         Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products ms substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Protective-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equ			
Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter         Inhalation       Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical atter         Ingestion       Do not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from sour         water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff         warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur         4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting         Protective actions during       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person lngestionIngestionDo not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from sour water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.Skin contactWash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical att after washing.Eye contactRemove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. O minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment neededSECTION 5: Firefighting measures5.1. Extinguishing mediaSuitable extinguishing mediaUse foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtureSpecific hazardsProtection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.5.3. Advice for firefightersProtective actions during firefightingWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.Special protective equipment for firefightersWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move aff         warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.         Skin contact       Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention after washing.         Eye contact       Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Ominutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur         4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed       4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures       5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture       Specific hazards         Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. Nechloride (HCl). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.	le for breathing. When breathing is		
after washing.         Eye contact       Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Ominutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur         4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture         Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. Nethoride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.	Do not induce vomiting. Remove affected person from source of contamination. Give plenty of water to drink. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.		
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed         4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture         Specific hazards         Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters         Protective actions during firefighting         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed         SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture         Specific hazards         Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters         Protective actions during firefighting         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures         5.1. Extinguishing media         Suitable extinguishing media         Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extin         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture         Specific hazards         Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters         Protective actions during firefighting         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
5.1. Extinguishing mediaSuitable extinguishing mediaUse foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtureSpecific hazardsProtection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products ma substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.5.3. Advice for firefightersWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.Special protective equipment for firefightersWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
Suitable extinguishing media       Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extir         5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture         Specific hazards       Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.         5.3. Advice for firefighters       Protective actions during firefighting         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters			
Specific hazardsProtection against nuisance dust must be used when the a mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products ma substances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. N chloride (HCI). Toxic gases or vapours.5.3. Advice for firefightersWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.Special protective equipment for firefightersWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.	guish.		
mg/m3. Thermal decomposition or combustion products masubstances: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. No         5.3. Advice for firefighters         Protective actions during firefighting         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters         Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
Protective actions during       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus         firefighting       clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus	ay include the following		
firefighting       clothing. Contain and collect extinguishing water.         Special protective equipment for firefighters       Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus clothing.			
for firefighters clothing.	(SCBA) and appropriate protective		
	(SCBA) and appropriate protective		
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures			

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.			
Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.			
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water.			
S			
age			
ing			
Avoid spilling. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Protect from freezing and direct sunlight. Read label before use. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Avoid breathing dust.			

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep only in the original container.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL, (as chlorine) 0.5 ppm 1.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> fume Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4.0 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

DNEL

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1.15 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.99 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.15 mg/kg/day

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



# Appropriate engineering controls

No specific ventilation requirements. This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation.

Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles or face shield.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible.
Other skin and body protection	Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
Hygiene measures	Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water after work. Provide eyewash station. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection may be required if excessive airborne contamination occurs.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.
SECTION 9: Physical and che	mical properties
9.1. Information on basic phys	ical and chemical properties
Appearance	Tablet.
Colour	White/off-white.
Odour	Characteristic. Chlorine.
рН	pH (diluted solution): 5-6.5 @ 1%
Flash point	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	Not determined.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity         Reactivity         See Section 10.3 (Possibility of hazardous reactions) for further information.			
Reactivity			
10.2. Chemical stability			
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not polymerise. The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Organic nitro compounds. Amines. Oxidising agents. Reducing agents. Moisture. Peroxides. Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur.		
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid the following conditions: Water, moisture. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.		

10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Flammable/combustible materials. Moisture. Avoid contact with acids and alkalis. Avoid
	contact with strong oxidising agents. Avoid contact with strong reducing agents.
	Hydrocarbons. Inorganic nitrates. Inorganic nitrites. Organic compounds.
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	
Hazardous decomposition products	Heating may generate the following products: Carbon monoxide (CO). Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Isocyanates. Chlorine.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects
Acute toxicity - oral	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	2,709.43
Inhalation	May cause respiratory system irritation.
Ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact
SECTION 12: Ecological infor	mation
Ecotoxicity	The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
12.1. Toxicity	
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.24 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅, 48 hours: < 1 mg NaDCC mg/l, Daphnia magna
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability
Persistence and degradability	There are no data on the degradability of this product.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv	B assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	Not determined.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	lerations
13.1. Waste treatment method	ls

General information	Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.	
Road transport notes	Refer to the Dangerous Goods List for information on any Special Provisions SP 135.	
Sea transport notes	Refer to the Dangerous Goods List for information on any Special Provisions 2.10.2.7.	
Air transport notes	Refer to the Dangerous Goods List for information on any Special Provisions A 197.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3077	
UN No. (IMDG)	3077	
UN No. (ICAO)	3077	
UN No. (ADN)	3077	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	<u>e</u>	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>us)</u>	
ADR/RID class	9	
ADR/RID classification code	M7	
ADR/RID label	9	
IMDG class	9	
ICAO class/division	9	
ADN class	9	
Transport labels		
9		
14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	III	
IMDG packing group	III	
ICAO packing group	III	
ADN packing group	III	

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user		
EmS	F-A, S-F	
ADR transport category	3	
Emergency Action Code	2Z	
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	90	
Town of acceleration and a		

Tunnel restriction code(-)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
EU legislation	<ul> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18</li> <li>December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).</li> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16</li> <li>December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).</li> <li>Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.</li> <li>Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.</li> </ul>
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets. Version 3, August 2015

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

L	
Revision date	17/01/2020
Revision	7
Supersedes date	18/01/2019
SDS number	20496
Hazard statements in full	H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Signature	«184»

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.